



Spelling Grade-Level Objectives

Phonemic Awareness <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. segment spoken words into sounds/syllables.	R	R	R	R
2. count sounds in spoken words.	R	R	R	R
3. blend spoken sounds into words.	R	R	R	R
Systematic Phonics: Sound-Symbols <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the purpose for learning phonograms.	R	R	R	R
2. explain the purpose for precise handwriting.	R	R	R	R
3. precisely read 70 common phonograms.	R	R	R	R
4. precisely say and write 70 common phonograms.	R	R	R	R
5. precisely read 17 additional phonograms.	I/P	P	R	R
Systematic Phonics: Language Rules <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. write qu (a two-letter consonant sound) to say /kw/.	R	R	R	R
2. read c before e, i, and y as /s/.	R	R	R	R
3. read g before e, i, y as /j/.	R	R	R	R
4. read/mark /ā /, /ē /, /ō /, and /ū /, at the end of an open syllable.	R	R	R	R
5. read/mark i and y at end of an open syllable.	R	R	R	R
6. write y, not i, at the end of a word.	R	R	R	R
7. read/mark/explain jobs of silent e's.	R	R	R	R
8. read /or/ as /er/ after a w.	R	R	R	R
9. explain/apply the 1-1-1 rule to one-syllable words (hop).	M	R	R	R
10. explain/apply the 2-1-1 rule to multisyllable words (begin).	P	M	R	R
11. explain/apply r. 11 to final silent e words (hope/hoping).	M	R	R	R
12. write ie except after c, if we say /ā / or in exceptions.	M	R	R	R
13. write sh to say /sh/ at the beginning/end of words and at the end of syllables.	R	R	R	R
14. write ti, si, ci to say /sh/ in syllables after the first one.	M	R	R	R
15. write si to say /sh/ if preceding syllable/base word ends in s.	M	R	R	R
16. read/mark and explain that si may also say /zh/.	M	R	R	R
17. write two l's, f's, or s's after one vowel in one syllable.	R	R	R	R
18. write ay to say /ā / at the end of a word.	R	R	R	R
19. read /ī / and /ō / before two consonants when appropriate.	R	R	R	R
20. explain/apply r. 20 (s never follows the letter x).	M	R	R	R
21. write all with one l when used as a prefix.	M	R	R	R
22. write till and full with one l when used as a suffix.	M	R	R	R
23. write dge to say /j/ after one vowel saying its first sound.	M	R	R	R
24. write i, instead of y, when adding vowel suffixes (endings).	M	R	R	R
25. write ck to say /k/ after one vowel saying its first sound.	R	R	R	R
26. capitalize names and titles.	R	R	R	R
27. write z to say /z/ at beginning of words (zoo).	R	R	R	R

I/P: Introduce/Practice **P:** Practice **M:** Mastery **R:** Review/Reinforce **C:** Challenge



Writing Grade-Level Objectives

Planning

Conventions: Capitalization <i>The student will capitalize...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. first words of sentences.	R	R	R	R
2. single-word proper nouns and titles (Mr, etc.).	R	R	R	R
3. abbreviations.	R	R	R	R
4. multiword proper nouns.	M	R	R	R
5. titles of books, poems, short stories.	M	R	R	R
6. informal letter components.	M	R	R	R
7. first words of direct quotations.	M	R	R	R
8. familial titles, races, nationalities.	I/P	M	R	R
9. course titles, religious terms, periods of time.	-	C	I/P	M
10. formal letter components.	-	C	I/P	M
Conventions: Punctuation <i>The student will use ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. periods (full stops) ...				
• at the end of declarative sentences.	R	R	R	R
• with abbreviations.	R	R	R	R
2. question marks.	R	R	R	R
3. exclamation points.	R	R	R	R
4. apostrophes in contractions and possessives.	M	R	R	R
5. commas ...				
• in series, dates, addresses, friendly letters.	M	R	R	R
• in compound sentences.	P	M	R	R
• in complex sentences.	P	M	R	R
• with introductory phrases and clauses.	P	M	R	R
• with appositives, direct address, interrupters, quotations.	P	P	M	R
• after closing a business letter.	I/P	P	M	R
• to avoid confusion.	C	I/P	P	M
6. underlining for titles of books within texts.	M	R	R	R
7. quotation marks ...				
• with direct quotations.	P	M	R	R
• with titles of short works within text.	P	M	R	R
8. colons ...				
• in time.	R	R	R	R
• in lists.	I/P	P	M	R
• after salutation in business letters.	I/P	P	M	R
9. hyphens ...				
• in syllabication.	P	M	R	R
• in words that designate compound numbers, fractions.	P	M	R	R
• in compound adjectives.	I/P	P	M	R
10. semicolons...				
• in compound sentences.	-	C	I/P	M
• in a series that is already punctuated.	-	-	C	I/P
• joining closely associated sentences.	-	-	C	I/P

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Sentence Construction & Vocabulary <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the attributes of a <i>declarative</i> sentence.	R	R	R	R
2. compose <i>simple</i> declarative sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns with present tense regular action verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject pronouns, present tense regular action verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject noun plurals and action verbs.	R	R	R	R
• adjectives, nouns, and present tense regular action verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns linking verbs with adjectives.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns, linking verbs with nouns.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns with past tense regular verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns with past tense irregular verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns with main and helping verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns, action verbs, and object nouns.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns, action verbs, and object pronouns.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns, action verbs, and adverbs.	R	R	R	R
• irregular noun plurals, action, linking or helping verbs.	R	R	R	R
• compound subjects, action/linking/helping verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns with compound action verbs.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns, action verbs and compound object nouns/pronouns.	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns, action verbs and prepositional phrases.	R	R	R	R
3. compose declarative sentences that demonstrate meaning and usage of <i>synonyms, homophones, homographs</i> , and other <i>unfamiliar</i> spelling/vocabulary words.	R	R	R	R
4. explain the attributes of an <i>interrogative</i> sentence (question).	R	R	R	R
5. compose <i>interrogative</i> sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns/pronouns with action/linking/helping verbs.	R	R	R	R
6. explain the attributes of an <i>exclamatory</i> sentence.	R	R	R	R
7. compose <i>exclamatory</i> sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns/pronouns with action verbs.	R	R	R	R
8. explain the attributes of an <i>imperative</i> sentence (command).	R	R	R	R
9. compose <i>imperative</i> sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns/pronouns with action/linking/helping verbs.	R	R	R	R
10. compose four types of simple sentences that demonstrate meaning and usage of <i>unfamiliar</i> spelling words.	R	R	R	R
11. explain the attributes of a <i>compound</i> sentence.	M	R	R	R
12. compose <i>compound</i> sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns/pronouns and conjunctions <i>and, or, but</i> .	R	R	R	R
• subject nouns/pronouns and conjunctions <i>for, nor, yet</i> .	M	R	R	R
13. explain the attributes of a <i>complex</i> sentence.	M	R	R	R
14. compose <i>complex</i> sentences that include ...				
• subject nouns/pronouns, conjunctions <i>if, after, when</i> .	P	M	R	R
• subject nouns, conjunctions <i>than, unless, because, however</i> .	P	M	R	R
15. compose simple/compound/complex sentences that demonstrate meaning and usage of <i>unfamiliar</i> spelling words.	P	M	R	R

Planning

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Morphology & Vocabulary <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>syllable</i> .	R	R	R	R
• explain the meaning of <i>vowel</i> .	R	R	R	R
• explain the meaning of <i>consonant</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. identify vowels/consonants in spelling word syllables.	R	R	R	R
• explain the meaning of <i>open</i> syllable.	M	R	R	R
• explain the meaning of <i>closed</i> syllable.	M	R	R	R
• explain the meaning of <i>consonant + le</i> syllable.	M	R	R	R
• identify type of syllables in spelling words.	M	R	R	R
3. explain the meaning of <i>base</i> word.	P	M	R	R
4. identify <i>base</i> words in spelling words.	P	M	R	R
5. explain the meaning of <i>prefix</i> .	P	M	R	R
6. identify prefixes in spelling words that express ...				
• number: e.g., <i>mono, uni, di, bi, tri, tetra, quad, hemi</i> .	P	P	M	R
• time: e.g., <i>pre, post</i> .	P	M	R	R
• place: e.g., <i>in, ex</i> .	P	M	R	R
• negation or reversal, e.g., <i>un, a, re, de, an, in</i> .	P	M	R	R
7. explain the meaning of <i>suffix</i> (ending).	P	M	R	R
8. identify suffixes that indicate ...				
• number: e.g., <i>s, es, ren</i> .	R	R	R	R
• time: e.g., <i>er, est, ed</i> .	R	R	R	R
• part of speech: e.g., <i>y, er, en, ful, ion, tion, ance, ence</i> .	M	R	R	R
• tense: e.g., <i>ed, ing</i> .	R	R	R	R
9. explain the meaning of <i>word root</i> .	P	M	R	R
10. identify word roots in spelling/vocabulary words.	P	M	R	R
11. identify prefixes, suffixes, base or word roots in spelling words.	P	M	R	R
Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Nouns <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>noun</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. identify nouns as persons, places, or things (concrete), or concepts (abstract).	R	R	R	R
3. explain the meaning of <i>plural</i> .	R	R	R	R
4. use the suffix <i>s</i> or <i>es</i> to form noun plurals.	R	R	R	R
5. explain the meaning of <i>irregular</i> plural.	R	R	R	R
6. write irregular noun plurals.	R	R	R	R
7. identify suffixes that form nouns:				
• <i>er, ren, ian, s, es, or</i> .	P	M	R	R
• <i>ar, ance, ment ition, ive, ent, ation, ice, sion, age, ence, ison</i> .	P	M	R	R
• <i>edge, ist, ary, ness, ity, ing, ry, ial, al, y, ian, ful, ery</i> .	P	M	R	R
• <i>ate, ship, en, able, ual, tion, ible, dom, ency, atory, ard</i> .	P	M	R	R
• <i>ure, ety, ee, aire, itive, cy, ology</i> .	I/P	P	M	R
I/P: Introduce/Practice P: Practice M: Mastery R: Review/Reinforce C: Challenge				



Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Nouns <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
8. form nouns by adding suffixes.	P	M	R	R
9. explain the meaning of <i>subject</i> noun.	R	R	R	R
10. identify subject nouns in simple sentences.	R	R	R	R
After all parts of speech have been taught ...				
11. explain the meaning of <i>object</i> noun.	R	R	R	R
12. identify <i>object</i> nouns in simple sentences.	R	R	R	R
13. explain the meaning of <i>common</i> and <i>proper</i> nouns.	R	R	R	R
14. identify <i>common</i> and <i>proper</i> nouns in sentences.	R	R	R	R
15. explain the meaning of <i>compound</i> noun.	R	R	R	R
16. identify <i>compound</i> nouns in simple sentences.	R	R	R	R
17. explain/ identify <i>verbs</i> used as nouns (verbals).	C	I/P	P	M
18. use nouns in sentences (see Sentence Construction).	R	R	R	R
Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Verbs <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>action</i> verb.	R	R	R	R
2. identify <i>action</i> verbs in sentences.	R	R	R	R
3. add suffixes <i>s</i> or <i>es</i> to third-person singular action verbs.	R	R	R	R
4. explain the meaning of <i>linking</i> verb.	R	R	R	R
5. identify <i>linking</i> verbs in sentences.	R	R	R	R
6. explain the meaning of <i>tense</i> (time) ...				
• <i>present</i> tense.	R	R	R	R
• <i>past</i> tense of <i>regular</i> verbs.	R	R	R	R
7. add the past tense suffix <i>ed</i> to regular action verbs.	R	R	R	R
8. explain the meaning of <i>irregular</i> verbs.	R	R	R	R
9. write the past tense of irregular verbs.	R	R	R	R
10. explain the meaning of <i>future</i> tense.	R	R	R	R
11. write verb phrases that express future action.	R	R	R	R
12. explain the meaning of <i>action happening now</i> .	R	R	R	R
13. write verb phrases to express action happening now.	R	R	R	R
14. explain the meaning of <i>principal parts</i> of verbs.	M	R	R	R
15. identify principal parts of verbs in sentences.	M	R	R	R
16. write verb phrases that use principal parts of verbs.	R	R	R	R
17. explain the meaning of <i>main</i> and <i>helping</i> verbs.	R	R	R	R
18. write main and helping verb phrases.	R	R	R	R

Planning

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Planning

Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Verbs <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>compound</i> verbs.	R	R	R	R
2. identify compound verbs in sentences.	R	R	R	R
3. identify suffixes that form verbs: • <i>ing, en, ed, ate, er, fy, ish, ize, s, es, ade, age.</i>	P	M	R	R
4. form verbs by adding suffixes.	P	M	R	R
5. explain the meaning of <i>transitive</i> and <i>intransitive</i> verbs.	P	M	R	R
6. categorize transitive and intransitive verbs.	P	M	R	R
7. use verbs in sentences (see Sentence Construction).	R	R	R	R
Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Pronouns <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>pronoun</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. explain the meaning of <i>subject</i> pronoun.	R	R	R	R
3. substitute subject pronouns for subject nouns: • <i>she, he, we, you, it, I, they.</i>	R	R	R	R
After all parts of speech are introduced ...				
4. explain the meaning of <i>object</i> pronoun.	R	R	R	R
5. substitute object pronouns for object nouns: • <i>me, him, us, you, it, her, them.</i>	R	R	R	R
6. explain <i>subject/pronoun</i> agreement.	R	R	R	R
7. identify subject/pronoun agreement in sentences.	R	R	R	R
8. explain the meaning of <i>possession</i> (belonging to).	R	R	R	R
9. identify possessive pronouns in sentences: • <i>my, mine, your, yours, her, hers, his, its, our, ours, their, theirs.</i>	R	R	R	R
10. explain the meaning of <i>interrogative</i> pronoun.	R	R	R	R
11. identify interrogative pronouns in sentences: • <i>what, who, which, whose, whom.</i>	R	R	R	R
12. explain the meaning of <i>demonstrative</i> pronoun.	R	R	R	R
13. identify demonstrative pronouns in sentences: • <i>this, that, these, those.</i>	R	R	R	R
14. explain the meaning of <i>reflexive</i> pronoun.	R	R	R	R
15. identify reflexive pronouns in sentences: • <i>herself, myself, himself, itself, themselves.</i>	R	R	R	R
16. explain the meaning of <i>indefinite</i> pronoun.	M	R	R	R
17. identify indefinite pronouns in sentences: • <i>all, much, one, some, other, each, more, most.</i> • <i>any, many, anything, another, nothing, both.</i> • <i>few, something, everything, none, nobody, several.</i> • <i>either, neither, everybody, anyone, everyone.</i>	M M P P	R R M M	R R R R	R R R R
18. use pronouns in sentences (see Sentence Construction).	R	M	R	R

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Adjectives <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>adjective</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. explain the meaning of <i>noun signal</i> (article).	R	R	R	R
3. use <i>a, the, and an</i> with appropriate nouns.	R	R	R	R
4. <i>explain the purpose</i> for using adjectives.	R	R	R	R
5. identify adjectives in sentences.	R	R	R	R
6. write <i>appropriate</i> adjectives with nouns.	R	R	R	R
7. write phrases with multiple adjectives and commas.	M	R	R	R
8. explain the meaning of <i>comparative</i> adjectives.	R	R	R	R
• add the suffix <i>er</i> to adjectives.	M	R	R	R
• add the suffix <i>est</i> to adjectives.	M	R	R	R
• use <i>more/most</i> with two- to three-syllable adjectives.	M	R	R	R
9. explain the meaning of <i>proper</i> adjective.	I/P	P	M	R
10. write phrases including proper adjectives.	I/P	P	M	R
11. identify suffixes that form adjectives:				
• <i>ed, al, en, ish, ant, ent, ous, able, ible, ful, less, ern, ive</i> .	P	M	R	R
12. form adjectives by adding suffixes.	P	M	R	R
13. use adjectives and phrases in sentences (see Sentence Construction).	R	R	R	R
Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Adverbs <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>adverb</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. explain the purpose for using adverbs.	R	R	R	R
3. identify adverbs in sentences.	R	R	R	R
4. write adverbs that express extent/when/where/ how:				
• <i>so, no, now, up, not, ago, out, today, yes, just, too</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>then, as, how, well, fast, north, back, away, soon, yet</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>after, very, west, south, inside, outside, east, near</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>down, why, still, never, here, most, more, when</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>twice, where, first, even, behind, around, without</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>maybe, tonight, indeed, ever, once, there, early</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>close, alone, third, within, nothing, no, past, almost</i> .	R	R	R	R
• <i>all, less, off, again, also, please, anyway, daily</i> .	R	R	R	R
5. explain the meaning of <i>adverb</i> phrases.	M	R	R	R
6. write adverb phrases that express extent/when/where/how.	M	R	R	R
7. identify suffixes that form adverbs (<i>ily, ly</i>).	P	M	R	R
8. form adverbs by adding suffixes.	P	M	R	R
9. use adverbs/adverb phrases in sentences (see Sentence Construction).	R	R	R	R

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Planning

Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Conjunctions	<i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>conjunction</i> .		R	R	R	R
2. use <i>and/or</i> to join compound nouns.		R	R	R	R
3. use <i>and/or</i> to join compound verbs.		R	R	R	R
4. use <i>and/or</i> to join adjective phrases.		R	R	R	R
5. use <i>and/or</i> to join adverb phrases.		M	R	R	R
6. use <i>and/or</i> to join sentences.		R	R	R	R
7. use <i>but</i> to contrast nouns.		R	R	R	R
8. use <i>but</i> to contrast verbs.		R	R	R	R
9. use <i>but</i> to contrast sentences.		R	R	R	R
10. use conjunctions with complex sentences:					
• <i>if, as, after, than, when</i> .		R	R	R	R
• <i>unless, because, however, while</i> .		M	R	R	R
• <i>whether, though, since, although</i> .		I/P	P	M	R
• <i>either...or, neither...nor</i> .		I/P	P	M	R
11. use conjunctions in sentences (see Sentence Construction).		R	R	R	R
Parts of Speech & Vocabulary: Prepositions	<i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>preposition</i> .		R	R	R	R
2. use prepositions with nouns/pronouns (phrases):					
• <i>at, on, in, up, of, out, into, by, over, to, about, for</i> .		R	R	R	R
• <i>after, inside, outside, near, down, under, from, along</i> .		R	R	R	R
• <i>with, through, upon, between, without, behind, around, across</i> .		R	R	R	R
• <i>by, above, before, within, beside, past</i> .		M	R	R	R
• <i>except, among, aboard, during, until, since, toward</i> .		P	M	R	R
• <i>against, beneath, beyond, throughout</i> .		P	M	R	R
3. write adjective prepositional phrases.		M	R	R	R
4. write adverb prepositional phrases.		M	R	R	R
5. use prepositions in sentences (see Sentence Construction).		M	R	R	R
Related Sentences	<i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of topic.		R	R	R	R
2. explain the meaning of related sentences.		R	R	R	R
3. distinguish between related and unrelated sentences.		R	R	R	R
4. compose two or three related sentences that include previously introduced language skills.		R	R	R	R

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Writing Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Paragraph Construction <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain attributes of <i>paragraphs</i> .	M	R	R	R
2. explain paragraph conventions (margins/indents).	M	R	R	R
3. explain stages in the writing process: • <i>prewriting, composing, revising, editing, publishing</i> (<i>by reading, speaking, media presentation</i>).	M	R	R	R
4. use the writing process to compose ...				
• first-person informative-narratives.	M	R	R	R
• third-person informative-narratives.	M	R	R	R
• informative paragraphs.	M	R	R	R
• first-person narrative paragraphs.	M	R	R	R
• third-person narrative paragraphs.	M	R	R	R
5. summarize informative-narratives.	P	M	R	R
6. summarize informatives.	P	M	R	R
7. summarize narratives.	P	M	R	R
Composition <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. use the writing process to compose ...				
• first-person informative-narratives.	P	M	R	R
• third-person informative-narratives.	P	M	R	R
• informatives.	P	M	R	R
• first-person narratives.	P	M	R	R
• third-person narratives.	P	M	R	R
• informal communications.	P	M	R	R
• formal communications.	P	M	R	R
2. summarize informative-narratives.	P	M	R	R
3. summarize informatives.	P	M	R	R
4. summarize narratives.	P	M	R	R
I/P: Introduce/Practice P: Practice M: Mastery R: Review/Reinforce C: Challenge				



Reading Grade-Level Objectives

Planning

Literary Appreciation <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>attributes</i> of imaginative literature.	R	R	R	R
2. identify attributes in imaginative literature:				
• precise language, emotional appeal.	R	R	R	R
• content, insight, and universality.	P	M	R	R
3. reflect on author's use of attributes:				
• precise language, emotional appeal.	M	R	R	R
• content, insight, and universality.	P	M	R	R
4. compare use of attributes across selections/cultures:				
• precise language, emotional appeal.	M	R	R	R
• content, insight, and universality.	P	M	R	R
5. identify elements in imaginative literature:				
• characters (main and supporting) by:				
○ <i>their appearance, speech, actions/reactions, others' comments, author's comments.</i>	P	M	R	R
• settings (integral and backdrop).	P	M	R	R
• plots (order, types of conflict, patterns of actions).	P	M	R	R
• point of view (first and third).	P	M	R	R
• theme (main idea).	P	M	R	R
• style:				
○ onomatopoeia, simile, alliteration, hyperbole.	P	M	R	R
○ idiom, imagery, rhythm, personification.	P	P	M	R
○ metaphor, symbolism.	C	C	P	M
6. reflect (evaluate) author's use of elements:				
• characters, setting, plot.	P	M	R	R
• point of view, theme (main idea).	P	M	R	R
7. compare elements across selections/cultures:				
• characters, setting, plot.	R	R	R	R
• point of view, theme (main idea).	P	M	R	R
8. explain elements of fluent, expressive reading.	P	M	R	R
9. read fluently and expressively.	R	M	R	R

I/P: Introduce/Practice **P:** Practice **M:** Mastery **R:** Review/Reinforce **C:** Challenge





Reading Grade-Level Objectives, cont.

Text Structure <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>author's purpose</i> .	R	R	R	R
2. explain/identify author's purpose in narratives.	R	R	R	R
3. explain the meaning of <i>narrative elements</i> .	R	R	R	R
4. identify narrative elements in paragraphs.	R	R	R	R
5. explain/identify author's purpose in informatives.	R	R	R	R
6. explain the meaning of <i>informative elements</i> .	R	R	R	R
7. identify informative elements in paragraphs.	R	R	R	R
8. explain/identify author's purpose in informative/narratives.	R	R	R	R
9. explain the meaning of <i>informative-narrative elements</i> .	R	R	R	R
10. identify both narrative and informative elements in paragraphs.	R	R	R	R
11. use elements to identify types of writing.	R	R	R	R
12. use elements to vary reading rate.	R	R	R	R
Mental Actions <i>The student will ...</i>	3	4	5	6
1. explain the meaning of <i>mental actions</i> (metacognition).	R	R	R	R
2. explain the purpose for <i>consciously</i> using mental actions.	R	R	R	R
3. monitor comprehension of ...				
• words.	R	R	R	R
• phrases.	R	R	R	R
• sentences.	R	R	R	R
4. make connections with prior knowledge and text to ...				
• infer word meanings, topic, cause and effect.	R	R	R	R
• elaborate on actions, events, behavior, outcomes.	R	R	R	R
5. make predictions of ...				
• type of writing, topic, topic sentence, main idea.	M	R	R	R
• actions, events, behavior, outcomes.	M	R	R	R
6. reformat/categorize information to ...				
• identify essential and additional information.	M	R	R	R
• identify elements of types of writing.	M	R	R	R
7. mentally summarize ...				
• retell narratives in correct sequence.	M	R	R	R
• restate information in correct sequence.	M	R	R	R
• identify stated main ideas in text.	M	R	R	R
• derive implied main ideas in text.	M	R	R	R
8. use mental actions to comprehend print.	R	R	R	R

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